

# **Equality & Health Impact Assessment (EHIA)**

## **Document control**

Title of activity:	EqHIA – Highways Maintenance Plan Policy
Lead officer:	James O'Regan
Approved by:	Mark Hodgson, Head of Highways, Traffic and Parking
Version Number	V0.1
Date and Key Changes Made	25/10/2024
Scheduled date for next review:	TBC

Did you seek advice from the Corporate Policy & Diversity team?  Please note that the Corporate Policy & Diversity and Public Health teams require at least <u>5 working days</u> to provide advice on EqHIAs.	Yes / <del>No</del>
Did you seek advice from the Public Health team?	Yes / <del>No</del>
Does the EqHIA contain any confidential or exempt information that would prevent you publishing it on the Council's website? See Publishing Checklist.	<del>Yes</del> / No

Please note that EHIAs are **public** documents and unless they contain confidential or sensitive commercial information must be made available on the Council's <u>EqHIA webpage</u>.

Please submit the completed form via e-mail to

READI@havering.gov.uk thank you.

# 1. Equality Health Impact Assessment Checklist

Please complete the following checklist to determine whether or not you will need to complete an EHIA and ensure you keep this section for your audit trail. If you have any questions, please contact <a href="READI@havering.gov.uk">READI@havering.gov.uk</a> for advice from either the Corporate Diversity or Public Health teams. Please refer to <a href="this Guidance">this Guidance</a> on how to complete this form.

**About your activity** 

	about your don't y						
1	Title of activity	Highways Ma	aintenance Pl	lan Policy			
2	Type of activity	Policy					
3	Scope of activity	The new draf Highways Ma			the existing		
4a	Are you changing, introducing a new, or removing a service, policy, strategy or function?	Yes / <del>-No</del>	If the answ				
4b	Does this activity have the potential to impact (either positively or negatively) upon people from different backgrounds?	Yes / <del>-No</del>	questions is 'YES', please continue to question 5.  If the ans all of the		If the answer to all of the questions (4a, 4b		
4c	Does the activity have the potential to impact (either positively or negatively) upon any factors which determine people's health and wellbeing?	Yes / <del>-No</del>	Please use the Screening tool before you answer this question.	If you answer 'YES', please continue to question 5.	& 4c) is ' <b>NO</b> ', please go to question <b>6</b> .		

5	If you answered YES:	Please complete the EHIA in Section 2 of this document. Please see Appendix 1 for Guidance.
6	If you answered NO:	N/A

Completed by:	James O'Regan
Date:	25/10/2024

# 2. The EHIA – How will the strategy, policy, plan, procedure and/or service impact on people?

## **Background/context:**

A national code of practice for highways maintenance and management (Well Managed Highway Infrastructure: A Code of Practice (the "Code")), sponsored by the Department for Transport (DfT) and produced by the United Kingdom Roads Liaison Group (UKRLG) was published in late 2016. The 2016 Code replaces the previous 2005 Code. The Code was introduced with a transition period in which to allow local highway authorities, such as the London Borough of Havering, to review their existing highway maintenance policies and delivery arrangements, consider which applicable aspects of the Code to adopt (in whole or in part) and to develop new maintenance policies and arrangements (where required) reflecting the recommendations of the Code.

Adherence to the Code is not a statutory requirement, and there has been no recent change in law, but it follows national good practice shared by many local highway authorities in establishing highway maintenance policy, strategy and operations of the highway maintenance service. The Code provides highway authorities with guidance on highways management but adoption of the recommendations in the Code is a matter for the Council (as a local highway authority), based on its interpretation, assessment of risks, local needs and priorities.

Whilst the Code is not a legal / statutory document the significance of it is that the Courts will view it as a benchmark of best practice in discharging the statutory duty to maintain the highway. Failure to follow the guidelines and recommendations could be used against the Council in the assessment of claims. A new Highway Maintenance Policy and Delivery Plan (HMPP) for Havering has been produced to document the Council's approach to highway maintenance and ensure the authority has a statutory defence against all public liability claims arising on the Borough's highway. Additionally, the introduction of a risk-based approach is aimed at optimising the use of resources and value for money. The new Code has seen a shift in emphasis and has removed the reliance on specific guidance and recommendations in the previous Codes to a risk-based approach determined by each highway authority. Very few standards are prescribed in the new Code and the intention is that authorities will develop their own levels of service taking account of local need and assessment of risk.

\*Expand box as required

## Who will be affected by the activity?

All highway users that travel through the borough and use the Council's Highway Infrastructure.

Council Officers will also be affected particularly those in Highways and the Council's Insurance Teams.

\*Expand box as required

Please tick ( $\checkmark$ ) th box:	e relevant	Overall impact:			
Positive	<b>✓</b>	Age Group	Total	Percentage	
1 0011110	·	Age 0-15	44,388	18.7	
Neutral		Age 16-64	150,567	63.5	
		Age 65+	42,277	17.8	
		Total	237,232	100.0	
Negative		of Havering as be experience mobili	records that alm ing over the age ty problems, it is notway and carris	of 65. Given that likely that they ar ageway network.	opulation of the London Borougl older people are more likely to re more likely to benefit from a The implementation of the new s.

#### **Evidence:**

A third (33%) of people aged 50+ had one or more impairments - The most common impairments were around mobility and the ability to lift, carry or move objects, both experienced by around one in five people (19%).

\*Expand box as required

#### Sources used:

Capability, health and travel behavior of older people. January 2020, Department For Transport - <a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/935822/capability-health-and-travel-behaviour-of-older-people.pdf">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/935822/capability-health-and-travel-behaviour-of-older-people.pdf</a>

ONS 20211 Census Data - KS102EW

https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/reports/localarea?compare=E09000016#section\_6\_1

*Expand box as required

Protected Characteristic - Disability: Consider the full range of disabilities; including physical mental, sensory and progressive conditions  Please tick (*) the relevant box:  Positive  Neutral  The 2011 Census recorded that 17.3% of the London Borough of Havering's residents are living with a long-term health problem or disability that limits their day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months (source: ONS - 2011 Census - KS301EW).  Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.  *Expand box as required			
Positive  Neutral  The 2011 Census recorded that 17.3% of the London Borough of Havering's residents are living with a long-term health problem or disability that limits their day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months (source: ONS - 2011 Census - KS301EW).  Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.  *Expand box as required*			·
Neutral  Havering's residents are living with a long-term health problem or disability that limits their day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months (source: ONS - 2011 Census - KS301EW).  Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.  *Expand box as required			Overall impact:
expected to last, at least 12 months (source: ONS - 2011 Census - KS301EW).  Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.  *Expand box as required	Positive	/	
Regative  Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.  *Expand box as required*	Neutral		
	Negative		Given that disabled people are more likely to experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The implementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these residents.
Fuidanaa.			Zipana zen de reganea

#### Evidence:

The 2011 Census recorded that 17.3% of the London Borough of Havering's residents are living with a long-term health problem or disability that limits their day-to-day activities, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months

\*Expand box as required

## Sources used:

ONS 20211 Census Data - KS301EW

https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/reports/localarea?compare=E09000016#section\_6\_1

\*Expand box as required

Protected	Chara	acteristic - Sex/gender: Consider both men and women
Please tick (	(V)	Overall impact:
Positive		The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of sex/gender and no impacts have been identified.
Neutral	~	
Negative		*Expand box as required
Evidence:		
N/A		
Sources		*Expand box as required
Sources us	seu:	
N/A		
		*Expand box as required

racteristic - Ethnicity/race: Consider the impact on different ethnic onalities
Overall impact:
The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of ethnicity/race and no impacts have been identified.
*Expand box as required
*Expand box as required
*Expand box as required

Protected C	Protected Characteristic - Religion/faith: Consider people from different religions or		
beliefs inclu	ding t	hose with no religion or belief	
Please tick (		Overall impact:	
the relevant l	box:		
Positive		The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of religion/faith and no impacts have been identified.	
Neutral	~		

Negative	*Expand box as required
Evidence:	
N/A	
	*Funand have an require
Sources used:	*Expand box as required
N/A	
	*Expand box as required

Protected Characteristic - Sexual orientation: Consider people who are heterosexual,					
lesbian, gay or bisexual					
Please tick (	<u> </u>	Overall impact:			
the relevant l	box:	·			
Positive		The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of sexual orientation and no impacts have been			
Neutral	~	identified.			
Negative		*Formand have a manifest			
		*Expand box as required			

Fridance	
Evidence:	
N/A	
	*Expand box as required
Sources used:	
N/A	
IV/A	
	*Expand box as required

Protected Characteristic - Gender reassignment: Consider people who are seeking,					
undergoing or have received gender reassignment surgery, as well as people whose					
gender identity is different from their gender at birth					
Please tick (	,	Overall impact:			
the relevant l	box:				
Positive		The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of gender reassignment and no impacts have been			
Neutral	~	identified.			
Negative		*Expand box as required			
Evidence:					
N/A					
		*Expand box as required			

Sources used:	
N/A	
	*Expand box as require

		*Expand box as required		
Protected ( civil partner		cteristic - Marriage/civil partnership: Consider people in a marriage or		
Please tick ( the relevant		Overall impact:		
Positive		The HMPP has been assessed in relation to the protected characteristic of marriage/civil partnership and no impacts have been		
Neutral	~	identified.		
Negative		*Expand box as required		
Evidence:				
N/A				
		*Expand box as required		
Sources us	sed:			
N/A				
		*Expand box as required		

Protected Characteristic - Pregnancy, maternity and paternity: Consider those who				
are pregnant and those who are undertaking maternity or paternity leave				
Please tick (✓) Overall impact:				
the relevant b	box:			
Positive	✓	Residents who have babies and small children, and who use pushchairs, will be positively impacted by the new HMPP. It will make it		
Neutral		easier to use pushchairs when walking on a well maintained highway network. The new HMPP provides more focus to assessing areas with		
		higher footfall.		
Negative				
		*Expand box as required		
Evidence:				
None availa	ble.			
_		*Expand box as required		
Sources us	ed:			
		*Expand box as required		
Socie coor	omic	etature. Consider these who are from law income or financially evaluded		
<b>Socio-economic status:</b> Consider those who are from low income or financially excluded backgrounds				
Please tick (	/)	Overall impact:		

Positive	<b>✓</b>	Given that those with a lower socio economic status are more likely to					
Neutral		experience mobility problems, it is likely that they are more likely to benefit from a well maintained footway and carriageway network. The					
Negative		mplementation of the new HMPP will have a positive impact on these esidents.					
		*Expand box as required					
Evidence:							
N/A							
		*Expand box as required					
Sources us	ed:						
N/A							
		*Expand box as required					

Health & Wellbeing Impact: Consider both short and long-term impacts of the activity on a person's physical and mental health, particularly for disadvantaged, vulnerable or at-risk groups. Can health and wellbeing be positively promoted through this activity? Please use the Health and Wellbeing Impact Tool in Appendix 2 to help you answer this question.

Please tick (✓) all the relevant boxes that apply:

Maintaining a well-maintained highway is a vital part of protecting residents and visitors utilising roads, cycleways and walkways across

Evidence:		*Expand	d box as re	equired		
Evidence:						
Evidence:						
	Yes		No	X		
	Do you consider that a more in-depth HIA is requir this brief assessment? Please tick (✓) the relevant bo	ed as a	d box as re	-		
Negative	navigable surfaces is an important part of enabling revisitors to utilise sustainable transport methods, superincrease physical activity and reduce emissions through	Providing cycleways and walkways that are safe and with easily navigable surfaces is an important part of enabling residents and visitors to utilise sustainable transport methods, supporting efforts to increase physical activity and reduce emissions through reduced car use, both of which have positive implications for health and wellbeing.				
	Within the draft Highways Maintenance Policy, the post of a risk-based approach to defect assessment and important means by which those defects which post are appropriately prioritised, helping to reduce the ophysical harm.	respone the gr	se offer eatest r	s an		
	the borough from the potential physical harms of defect-related accidents, trips and falls.					

# 3. Health & Wellbeing Screening Tool

Will the activity / service / policy / procedure affect any of the following characteristics? Please tick/check the boxes below

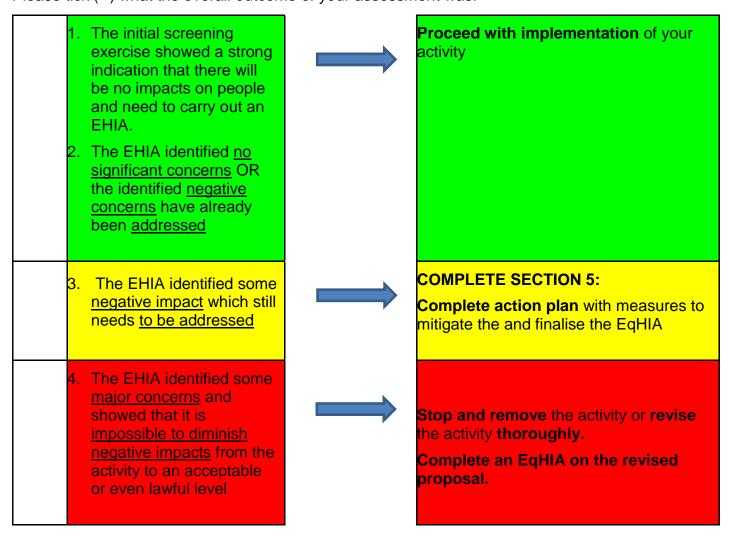
The following are a range of considerations that might help you to complete the assessment.

Lifestyle YES ⊠ NO □	Personal circumstances YES NO	Access to services/facilities/amenities YES NO
Diet	Structure and cohesion of family unit	to Employment opportunities
Exercise and physical activity	Parenting	
☐ Smoking	Childhood development	to Housing
Exposure to passive smoking	Life skills	to Shops (to supply basic needs)
☐ Alcohol intake	Personal safety	☐ to Community facilities
☐ Dependency on prescription drugs	☐ Employment status	□ to Public transport
☐ Illicit drug and substance use	☐ Working conditions	to Education
Risky Sexual behaviour	Level of income, including benefits	to Training and skills development
Other health-related behaviours, such	Level of disposable income	☐ to Healthcare
as tooth-brushing, bathing, and wound	☐ Housing tenure	to Social services
care	Housing conditions	to Childcare
	Educational attainment	to Respite care
	Skills levels including literacy and numeracy	to Leisure and recreation services and facilities
Social Factors YES ⊠ NO □	Economic Factors YES 🛛 NO 🗌	Environmental Factors YES NO
Social contact	Creation of wealth	Air quality
Social support	Distribution of wealth	☐ Water quality
□ Neighbourliness	Retention of wealth in local area/economy	Soil quality/Level of contamination/Odour
Participation in the community	Distribution of income	Noise levels
☐ Membership of community groups	Business activity	
Reputation of community/area	☐ Job creation	☐ Hazards
Participation in public affairs	Availability of employment opportunities	Land use
Level of crime and disorder	Quality of employment opportunities	□ Natural habitats
Fear of crime and disorder	Availability of education opportunities	Biodiversity
Level of antisocial behaviour	Quality of education opportunities	☐ Landscape, including green and open spaces
Fear of antisocial behaviour	Availability of training and skills development opportunities	☐ Townscape, including civic areas and public realm
☐ Discrimination	Quality of training and skills development opportunities	☐ Use/consumption of natural resources
Fear of discrimination	Technological development	☐ Energy use: CO2/other greenhouse gas emissions
□ Public safety measures	Amount of traffic congestion	☐ Solid waste management
Road safety measures		Public transport infrastructure

# 4. Outcome of the Assessment

The EHIA assessment is intended to be used as an improvement tool to make sure the activity maximises the positive impacts and eliminates or minimises the negative impacts. The possible outcomes of the assessment are listed below and what the next steps to take are:

Please tick (✓) what the overall outcome of your assessment was:



# 5. Action Plan

The real value of completing an EqHIA comes from identifying the actions that can be taken to eliminate/minimise **negative** impacts and enhance/optimise positive impacts. In this section you should list the specific actions that set out how you will mitigate or reduce any **negative** equality and/or health & wellbeing impacts, identified in this assessment. Please ensure that your action plan is: more than just a list of proposals and good intentions; if required, will amend the scope and direction of the change; sets ambitious yet achievable outcomes and timescales; and is clear about resource implications.

Protected characteristic / health & wellbeing impact	Identified Negative or Positive impact	Recommended actions to mitigate Negative impact* or further promote Positive impact	Outcomes and monitoring**	Timescale	Lead officer

## Add further rows as necessary

<sup>\*</sup> You should include details of any future consultations and any actions to be undertaken to mitigate negative impacts.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Monitoring: You should state how the impact (positive or negative) will be monitored; what outcome measures will be used; the known (or likely) data source for outcome measurements; how regularly it will be monitored; and who will be monitoring it (if this is different from the lead officer).

# 6. Review

In this section you should identify how frequently the EqHIA will be reviewed; the date for next review; and who will be reviewing it.

Review: As and when change in policy	
Scheduled date of review: TBC	
Lead Officer conducting the review: Head of Service or Group Manager	
	*Expand box as required

Please submit the completed form via e-mail to <a href="mailto:READI@havering.gov.uk">READI@havering.gov.uk</a> thank you.